

## Arbeitsblatt Englisch - Simple Present - Lösungen

### 1. Bilde aus den folgenden Stichwörtern AUSSAGESÄTZE im Simple Present

- a) Sita / work / in / restaurant – Sita works in a restaurant.
- b) Ben / play / with / computer – Ben plays with the computer.
- c) I / play / football – I play football.
- d) Mr Miller / work / in / bathroom – Mr Miller works in the bathroom.
- e) Sanjay / clean / living-room – Sanjay cleans the living room.
- f) Ben and Timmy / play / tennis / two o'clock – Ben and Timmy play tennis at two o'clock.
- g) Mrs Snow / make / dinner – Mrs Snow makes dinner.
- h) Marmalade / sleep / in / basket – Marmalade sleeps in her basket.
- i) Jenny and Sally / help / their / Dad / in / house – Jenny and Sally help their dad in the house.
- j) Lulu / play / with / pullover – Lulu plays with a pullover.
- k) Jenny / draw / tortoise / on / board – Jenny draws a tortoise on her board.
- l) The kids / swap / stickers – The kids swap stickers.
- m) Jenny and Sita / listen / to / walkman – Jenny and Sita listen to their walkman.

### 2. Schreibe nun alle Sätze in dein Heft – aber als VERNEINTE SÄTZE !!

- a) Sita doesn't work ...
- b) Ben doesn't play ...
- c) I don't play ...
- d) Mr Miller doesn't work ...
- e) Sanjay doesn't clean ...
- f) Ben and Timmy don't play ...
- g) Mrs Snow doesn't make ...
- h) Marmalade doesn't sleep ...
- i) Jenny and Sally don't help ...
- j) Lulu doesn't play ...
- k) Jenny doesn't draw ...
- m) The kids don't swap ...
- m) Jenny and Sita don't listen ...

### 3. Bilde nun aus den Stichwörtern FRAGESÄTZE. Beginne mit 'do' oder 'does'. Beantworte die Fragen mit 'yes' oder 'no'.

- a) Sita / play / chess? – Does Sita play chess?
- b) Ben / like / maths? – Does Ben like maths?
- c) Susan / work / in Germany? – Does Susan work in Germany?
- d) the Snows / eat / breakfast / on Sundays/? – Do the Snows eat breakfast on Sundays?
- e) Debbie and Jenny / like / fashion? – Do Debbie and Jenny like fashion?
- f) Jenny / like / fashion? – Does Jenny like fashion?
- g) Debbie / act / in plays? – Does Debbie act in plays?
- h) Ben / help / his mother? – Does Ben help his mother?
- i) Ben and C1B1 / play computer games? – Do Ben and C1B1 play computer games?
- j) Grandma Scott / do / judo? – Does Grandma Scott do judo?
- k) Mrs Baker / go / to / drama class? – Does Mrs Baker go to a drama class?
- l) Debbie and Nick / come / from Chester? – Do Debbie and Nick come from Chester?
- m) Andy / like / funny clothes? – Does Andy like funny clothes?
- n) Ben and Grandma Scott / hate / fashion? – Do Ben and Grandma Scott hate fashion?

### 4. Übersetze nun die FRAGESÄTZE ins Englische. Benutze immer does oder do und beginne die Frage damit.

- a) Mag Ben Computerspiele? – Does Ben like computer games?
- b) Geht Ben in den Supermarket? – Does Ben go to the supermarket?

- c) Hilft Sita ihrem Vater? – Does Sita help her father?
- d) Schläft Ben im Wohnzimmer? – Does Ben sleep in the living room?
- e) Spielen Debbie und Nick Fußball? – Do Debbie and Nick play football?
- f) Spült Mrs Snow das Geschirr ab? [to wash the dishes] – Does Mrs Snow wash the dishes?
- g) Mag Ben Nachmittagsunterricht? [afternoon lessons] – Does Ben like afternoon lessons?

**5. Übersetze nun die Fragen. Sie beginnen mit 'why' oder 'where' und enthalten 'do' oder 'does'.**

- a) Wo spielt Sita Tennis? – Where does Sita play tennis?
- b) Warum spielt Mrs Snow Fußball? – Why does Mrs Snow play football?
- c) Wo arbeitet Mr Gupta? – Where does Mr Gupta work?
- d) Warum mag Trundle Hunde? – Why does Tundle like dogs?
- e) Warum liest Jenny Bücher über Filmstars? – Why does Jenny read books about film stars?
- f) Warum mag Sita Schach? – Why does Sita like chess?
- g) Wo macht Jenny ihr Bett? – Where does Jenny make her bed?
- h) Wo schläft Mr Snow? – Where does Mr Snow sleep?
- i) Wo spricht Nick mit [=to] Debbie? – Where does Nick talk to Debbie?